What is claimed is:

- 1. An electronic device comprising:
 - a substrate; and
- a dielectric layer disposed on the substrate, the dielectric layer containing a TiO_x layer doped with a lanthanide, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation.
- 2. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the lanthanide has a concentration in the dielectric layer of between about 10% and about 30% of the dielectric layer.
- 3. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the dielectric layer has a dielectric constant ranging from about 50 to about 110.
- 4. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the dielectric layer has an equivalent oxide thickness (t_{eq}) in the range from about 1.5 Angstroms to about 5 Angstroms.
- 5. An electronic device comprising:
 - a substrate; and
- a dielectric layer disposed on the substrate, the dielectric layer containing a TiO_x layer doped with Nd, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation.
- 6. The electronic device of claim 5, wherein the dielectric layer has a Nd doping of between about 10% and about 30% of the dielectric layer.
- 7. The electronic device of claim 5, wherein the TiO_x layer doped with Nd has a dielectric constant ranging from about 50 to about 110.
- 8. The electronic device of claim 5, wherein the dielectric layer has an equivalent oxide thickness (t_{eq}) of less than 3 Angstroms.

- 9. An electronic device comprising:
 - a substrate: and
- a dielectric layer disposed on the substrate, the dielectric layer containing a TiO_x layer doped with Tb, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation.
- 10. The electronic device of claim 9, wherein the TiO_x layer has a Tb concentration of between about 10% and about 30% of the TiO_x layer.
- 11. The electronic device of claim 9, wherein the dielectric layer has a dielectric constant ranging from about 50 to about 110.
- 12. The electronic device of claim 9, wherein the dielectric layer has an equivalent oxide thickness (t_{eq}) in the range from about 1.5 Angstroms to about 5 Angstroms.
- 13. An electronic device comprising:
 - a substrate; and
- a dielectric layer disposed on the substrate, the dielectric layer containing a TiO_x layer doped with Dy, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation.
- 14. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein the dielectric layer has a Dy concentration of between about 10% and about 30% of the dielectric layer.
- 15. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein the TiO_x layer has a dielectric constant ranging from about 50 to about 110.
- 16. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein the dielectric layer has an equivalent oxide thickness (t_{eq}) of less than 20 Angstroms.
- 17. A transistor comprising:
 - a source region disposed in a substrate;
 - a drain region disposed in the substrate;

a body region located between the source region and the drain region; a dielectric layer disposed on the body region between the source region and the drain region, the dielectric layer containing a TiO_x layer doped with a lanthanide, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation; and

a gate coupled to the dielectric layer.

- 18. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the dielectric layer containing the TiO_x layer doped with the lanthanide includes a TiO_x layer doped with one or more of Nd, Tb, and Dy.
- 19. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the dielectric layer is substantially amorphous.
- 20. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the dielectric layer exhibits a dielectric constant in the range from about 50 to about 110.
- 21. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the dielectric layer exhibits an equivalent oxide thickness (t_{eq}) in the range from about 1.5 Angstroms to about 5 Angstroms.
- 22. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the dielectric layer exhibits an equivalent oxide thickness (t_{eq}) of less than 3 Angstroms.
- 23. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the transistor further includes:
 a floating gate situated between the body region and the gate; and
 a floating gate dielectric disposed on the floating gate with the gate
 disposed on the floating gate dielectric, the floating gate dielectric having a TiO_x
 layer doped with a lanthanide, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted
 electron beam evaporation.
- 24. The transistor of claim 17, wherein the transistor is a floating gate transistor.

25. A capacitor comprising:

- a first conductive layer disposed on a substrate;
- a dielectric layer disposed on the first conductive layer, the dielectric layer containing a TiOx layer doped with a lanthanide, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation; and
 - a second conductive layer disposed on the dielectric layer.
- 26. The capacitor of claim 25, wherein the dielectric layer containing the TiO_x layer doped with the lanthanide includes a TiO_x layer doped with one or more of Nd, Tb, and Dy.
- 27. The capacitor of claim 25, wherein the dielectric layer is substantially amorphous.
- 28. The capacitor of claim 25, wherein the dielectric layer exhibits a dielectric constant in the range from about 50 to about 110.

29. A memory comprising:

a number of access transistors, each access transistor having a source region disposed in a substrate, a drain region disposed in the substrate, and a gate, at least one access transistor including a dielectric layer disposed on the substrate with the gate disposed on the dielectric layer, the dielectric layer containing a TiOx layer doped with a lanthanide, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation;

a number of word lines coupled to a number of the gates of the number of access transistors;

a number of source lines coupled to a number of the source regions of the number of access transistors; and

a number of bit lines coupled to a number of the drain regions of the number of access transistors.

30. The memory of claim 29, wherein the dielectric layer containing the TiO_x layer doped with the lanthanide includes a TiO_x layer doped with one or more of Nd, Tb, and Dy.

- 31. The memory of claim 29, wherein the dielectric layer is substantially amorphous.
- 32. The memory of claim 28, wherein the dielectric layer exhibits a dielectric constant in the range from about 50 to about 110.
- 33. The memory of claim 28, wherein the memory is a dynamic random access memory.
- 34. The memory of claim 28, wherein the memory is a flash memory.
- 35. An electronic system, comprising:
 - a processor;
 - a system bus; and
- a memory array coupled to the processor by the system bus, the memory array including:
 - a number of access transistors, each access transistor having a source region disposed in a substrate, a drain region disposed in the substrate, and a gate, at least one access transistor including a dielectric layer disposed on the substrate with the gate disposed on the dielectric layer, the dielectric layer containing a TiOx layer doped with a lanthanide, wherein the TiO_x layer is formed by ion assisted electron beam evaporation;
 - a number of word lines coupled to a number of the gates of the number of access transistors;
 - a number of source lines coupled to a number of the source regions of the number of access transistors; and
 - a number of bit lines coupled to a number of the drain regions of the number of access transistors.
- 36. The electronic system of claim 35, wherein the dielectric layer containing the TiO_x layer doped with the lanthanide includes a TiO_x layer doped with one or more of Nd, Tb, and Dy.

- 37. The electronic system of claim 35, wherein the dielectric layer is substantially amorphous having a dielectric constant in the range from about 50 to about 110.
- 38. The electronic system of claim 35, wherein the processor is a microprocessor.
- 39. The electronic system of claim 35, wherein the electronic system is an information handling system.
- 40. The electronic system of claim 35, wherein the electronic system is a computer.